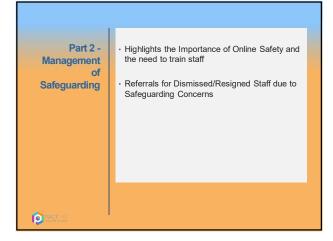
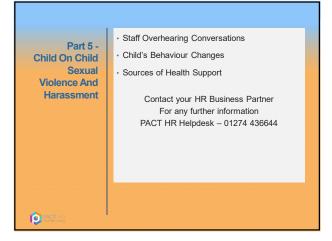


### Part 1 Safeguarding Information For All Staff Staff in Regulated Activity must read and understand the whole of Part One of the Guidance Staff not in Regulated Activity can read and understand the condensed version at Annex A – P120



Part 3 - Safer Recruitment	Whole Section Restructured     Checking Birth Certificates     Separate Barred List Checks     DBS Checks/Filtering Information Flowchart			
	Face to Face Safer Recruitment Training     Online Refreshers     CONTACT PACT HR			
PACT HR				
	LOW LEVEL CONCERNS THAT MAY NOT			
Part 4 - Allegations Against Staff	MEET THE THRESHOLD			
	How to link with other polices			
	Recording Information			
	Sharing Information including			
	references			



(e)



### NJC Pay Award April 2021: Earlier this year, in February the unions lodged their pay claim for: A substantial increase with a minimum of 10% on all spinal column points Introduction of a homeworking allowance for all staff who are working from home A national minimum agreement on homeworking policies for all councids A reduction of the working week to 35 hours with no loss of pay, and a reduction to 34 hours a week in London. Part-time staff to be given a choice of a pro rata reduction, or relating the same hours and being paid a higher percentage of FTE A minimum of 25 days annual leave, plus public holidays and statutory days, for all starting employees, plus an extra day holiday on all other holiday rates that depend on service An agreement on a best practice national programme of mental health support for all local authorities and school staff A joint review of job descriptions, routes for career developments and pay banding for school support staff, and completion of the outstanding work of the joint term-time only review group A joint review of the provisions in the Green Book for maternity / paternity / shared parental / adoption leave

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### NJC Pay Award April 2021: - With effect from 1 April 2021, an increase of 1.50 per cent on all NJC pay points 1 and above - Completion of the outstanding work of the joint Term-Time Only review group The employers have also proposed that the NJC begins immediate exploratory discussions on three other elements of the claim, as follows: - A national minimum agreement on homeworking policies for all councils - An agreement on a best practice national programme of mental health support for all local authorities and school staff - A joint review of the provisions in the Green Book for maternity / paternity / shared parential / adoption leave This offer has also been rejected by the Trade unions

July 2021 – The LGA employers issues their Final pay offer:	With effect from 1 April 2021, an increase of 2.75 per cent on NJC pay point 1 With effect from 1 April 2021, an increase of 1.75 per cent on all NJC pay points 2 and above Completion of the outstanding work of the joint Term-Time Only review group The employers also considered the proposals on the three non-pay elements of their initial offer and hope joint discussions can begin on the basis of the following:	
	A national minimum agreement on homeworking policies for all councils  The final offer has also been rejected and the trade unions are now balloting their members but recommending that the offer is rejected.  We'll be able to communicate further on this in early October, once the results of the ballot are in!	
BACT HB South The Pagent		

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Changes to right to work checks extended:	We informed you that the temporary arrangements for checks to be carried out remotely had come to an end in July. However, the government has just announced that the end date for the temporary adjusted checks has now been deferred to 5 April 2022. The following temporary changes were made on 30 March 2020 and now remain in place until 5 April 2022: checks can currently be carried out over video calls job applicants and existing workers can send scanned documents or a photo of documents for checks using email or a mobile app, rather than sending originals employers should use the Home Office Employer Checking Service (https://www.gov.uk/employee-immigration-employment-status) if a prospective or existing employee cannot provide any of the accepted documents	
PACT HS Say HIL Forgue		



#### **Absence and** Investigation -The Case:

- Employee was absent from work due to ill health caused by an ongoing lung condition, which began on Monday 9th March 2020. The employee was then seen at a social club in the afternoon of Monday 9th March.
- His manager, Mr Turner contacted Mr Kane, who stated he "had been in bed all day with chest problems".
- problems .

  No witness statements or photographic evidence were provided in relation to the allegations.

  Also alleged that Mr Kane had been seen on "numerous occasions" at the social club although no evidence of this!
- no evidence of this!

  Mr Kane stated the phone call took place on Tuesday 10th March, and not Monday 9th March when he had been seen outside the social club. As such, Mr Kane actually was in bed on Tuesday 10th March, when Mr Turner rang him.

  Mr Kane also claimed he was aware of other people going to the social club whilst they were ill, but nothing was ever done Mr Kane was unsure why he was being disciplined as this was the culture at the company.

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#### **Absence and** Investigation -The ET

**Decision:** 

- The Employment Tribunal concluded the investigation was not reasonable, and that a fair disciplinary procedure was not followed. Investigation flawed from the start, with no real evidence gathered as part of the process. Equally, there was no medical evidence to state he should remain at home due to his illness, however the company used this as a reason to dismiss.
- The employer was aware of a previous employee's attendance at the social club whilst off sick, and no action had been taken at the
- There was nothing within the company policy to state employee must remain at home when ill therefore as a result of a number of factors, a dismissal wasn't a reasonable response in the Employment Tribunals view.

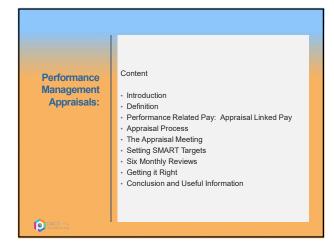
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Absence and Investigation -Conclusions & Recommendations: Kene v District Surfacing Limited	Depending on the medical issue, it can be seen as beneficial for employees to be outside of the home in order to aid their recovery – that's not a free pass to attend your local social club whilst absent though!  Evidence and record keeping is key. Where conversations have occurred and issues raised, gather statements and notes.  Medical advice from Occupational Health is also important in most HR cases, especially when making assumptions regarding an employee's health or state of mind – cannot make assumptions.  Consistency in managing these situations is really important, as the culture of an organisation may be taken into consideration by an Employment Tribunal.  Would members of your senior leadership team of Governing Body benefit from PACT HR training in relation to conducting investigations & disciplinaries? Follow the ACAS Code of Practice when managing investigation process, which PACT HR can help you with.	
Decision to Suspend: Agree/o vLandon Barough of Landon	Suspension – is there a reasonable and proper cause to suspend an employee from work?     The Headteacher found 2 of the incidents had been dealt with appropriately by the Teacher, but had concerns over a third incident.     No fact find was undertaken, or statement gained from the Teacher in relation to the third incident – flawed from the start!	
	The suspension letter stated the suspension was a 'neutral action and not a disciplinary action' and was to 'allow the investigation to be conducted fairly' – however concerns were raised by the High Court with this wording.  No alternative roles considered as part of the suspension process, or rationale as to why the member of staff couldn't remain in work during the investigation process.	
PACT HR Name HIS Dischart		
Decision to Suspend: Agareo vlandan Barough of Lambath	High Court Decision     High Court found suspension cannot be deemed a "neutral act", as the act of suspension is likely to have negative connotations for the employee.     Suspension may have implications for the Teachers career prospects.     The suspension letter was ambiguous, the school should have outlined its rationale for	
	suspension and detailed what other alternatives it has considered prior to suspension.	
	The school had not made a clear evidence based decision when issuing the suspension. The High Court found the school had made a	
	"knee-jerk" reaction to suspend the Teacher. As such, the school had breached its implied term of trust and confidence in the view of the High Court.	

# Considerations Ensure there is a fair and proper reason to suspend an employee, and all alternatives considered beforehand. An initial fact finding decision may help schools determine whether it is appropriate to consider suspension – make an evidence based decision! Can the employee remain in the workplace conducting alternative duties, or still conduct their work whilst under strict supervision? Consider why an investigation cannot be undertaken whilst the employee is still in work – what are the risks? Have a clear rationale within the suspension letter in terms of the decision made, and outline all considerations that were made prior to suspending an individual. Review the suspension on a regular basis – let the staff member know why you cannot lift the suspension and your rationale. Always offer wellbeing support to the employee during their suspension. Seek support and guidance from a member of the PACT HR Team!



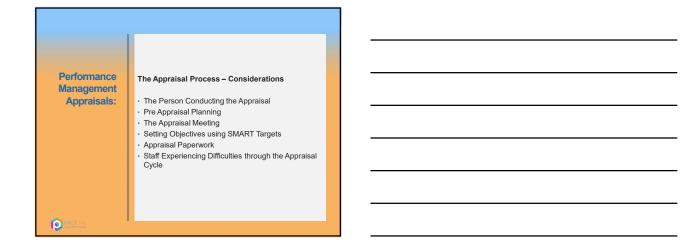


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	Introduction	
Performance Management	Appraisals are a key and useful tool in any	
Appraisals:	organisation and education setting to ensure that employees are being supported and that they	
	understand the key outcomes and expectations of their role.	
	Getting the appraisal process right is key to staff engagement and staff retention as appraisals are a	
	great way to engage employees.  An appraisal is not a tick box exercise and this	
	Briefing Session will assist you in conducting successful appraisals to help increase employee's	
	work input and staff engagement.	
PACT HR		
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Performance		
Management Appraisals:	Definition	
	An appraisal is a face-to-face discussion regarding	
	job input and objectives between an employee and usually their line manager. It is a formal opportunity	
	to analyse and appraise performance at work and provides the employee an opportunity to discuss	
	career aspirations.	
PACT HR		
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	Performance Related Pay: Appraisal Linked Pay	
Performance	Teaching Staff	
Management	The School Teachers' Pay and Conditions Document (STCPD) states that pay progression must be linked	
Appraisals:	to performance management and PACT HR's Pay Policy has always maintained a position of an	
	automatic progression up the pay range unless the teacher has been made aware of concerns during	
	the performance management cycle.	
	The same process will apply – but being a non-	
	automatic progression process - with regard to application onto and through the Upper Pay Range	
	(UPR), and further advice should be sought on a case by case basis from the school's PACT HR	
A PACE HE	Business Partner.	
Sour HD Peoples		

Performance Management Appraisals:	Performance Related Pay: Appraisal Linked Pay  Associate (Support / Non-Teaching) Staff  - Although associate staff pay is not linked to appraisals, it is strongly advised that you follow the same appraisal processes and cycle as teaching staff to ensure that the school objectives are both vertically and horizontally aligned across your school	
MOT HE	and that all staff are working towards your School Improvement Plan / School Objectives	
Performance Management Appraisals:	The Appraisal Process  The 12 monthly Appraisal Cycle Teachers – October to October Headteachers – December to December Associate Staff – Recommended to follow Teaching Staff Cycle	
	Informal and Regular One to Ones     Monthly Basis	

· Six Monthly Reviews

D



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	The Appraisal Meeting	
Performance		
Management	The Person Conducting the Appraisal	
Appraisals:	Ideally, the person who is conducting the Appraisal should be the employee's immediate line manager. For teaching staff this should be the Head of Department or Key Stage Leader or in a smaller	-
	school setting this could be the assigned Deputy Headteacher. Headteacher Appraisals would normally be held by the Chair of the Governing Body	
	with support from the Local Authority for maintained schools or the CEO of an Academy School or Trust of Schools.	
Const III Popular		
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	The Appraisal Meeting	
	The Appraisal Meeting	
D. C	Prepare for the meeting	
Performance Management Appraisals:	Review the employee's last appraisal form and make a note of which objectives have been met. If any objectives have been missed, consider the reasons.	
	Failure to meet objectives will not always be the fault of the employee. Priorities may change over time, so that the objectives which were originally set become less relevant.	
	less relevant.	
	Go through the new appraisal form but be mindful that you may wish to change your assessment after the appraisal meeting, when you have taken the	
	employee's views into account.	
PACT HR		
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	The Appraisal Meeting	-
	Prepare for the meeting	
Performance Management Appraisals:	<ul> <li>Refer to any examples or evidence of work as this gives the discussion a solid base and is difficult to refute. Think back over the whole period of time since the last appraisal. Recent events may be the freshest in your mind but they may not be representative of the employee's longer term performance.</li> </ul>	
	An employee slonger term performance.     An employee does not normally have the right to the be accompanied at an appraisal meeting.	
	Give the employee time to prepare and issue the employee well in advance of the appraisal meeting a copy of their previous appraisal form, so they have time to consider all of the assessment criteria and think	
	about future objectives and training needs.	
	Arrange a suitable time and place for the meeting and allow sufficient time for the meeting ensuring you are not going to be interrupted.	

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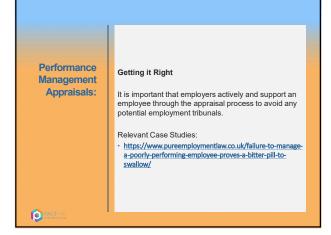
	The Appraisal Meeting		
	During the meeting		
Performance Management	At the start of the meeting, explain the purpose and structure of the appraisal review.		
Appraisals:	<ul> <li>Start with asking your employee to talk you through their own assessment of performance What has gone well and why? Where have they been less successful and why? Your employee may well identify problems of which you are unaware. How have they performed in relation to their last targets?</li> </ul>		
	Discuss your employee's performance, focusing on the objectives which were set last time.		
	As the discussion progresses, add your own views about your employee's performance. Praise where praise is due. We are all motivated by the acknowledgement of our achievements.		
	It is also important to recognise situations where, even though an employee failed to meet an objective, they have nevertheless worked hard and the failure was due to other		
	factors.		
PACT HR Star 100 Paymer			
	The Appraisal Meeting		
Performance Management Appraisals:	The Appraisal Meeting  During the meeting  • Encourage the employee to be open about their strengths and weaknesses.		
	During the meeting  Encourage the employee to be open about their strengths and weaknesses.  Where an employee has an obvious weakness, encourage them to suggest ways to improve. This might involve additional support, mentoring or training. Try not to impose the remedy. Let it emerge as a result of your discussion. This way your employee takes joint responsibility for making it		
Management	During the meeting  Encourage the employee to be open about their strengths and weaknesses.  Where an employee has an obvious weakness, encourage them to suggest ways to improve. This might involve additional support, mentoring or training. Try not to impose the remedy. Let it emerge as a result of your discussion. This way your		

#### Performance Management Appraisals: During the meeting Agree the new targets for the next appraisal year. What support mechanisms / training is required to meet these targets? Set the date and time for the six monthly review meeting. Record the above information on the appraisal form.

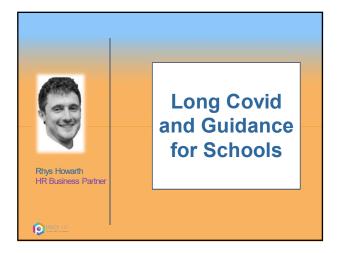
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	Setting and reviewing objectives	
	SMART TARGETS	
Performance	Outcomes should be set in 'SMART' terms which is a familiar acronym for setting work targets as follows:	
Management		
Appraisals:	Specific: SMART target setting should have a clear end and	
	action steps in mind. The target must have detailed (but not too detailed) actions that will show how the	
	task will be achieved. Including a specific number within your objective, which is the best way to be	-
	specific.	
	Measurable:	
	In a similar way, a measurable goal has clearly defined markers that will tell you when you've reached	
	the goal. Whether by time, cost or percentage progress, find the best scale of measurement to fit the	
BACT HIS	employee's role.	
•		
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	Setting and reviewing objectives	
	Achievable:	
Performance	Can the employee achieve the target? Is the expectation reasonable given the scope and size of the	
Management	school and the employee's knowledge and skills base?	
Appraisals:	Realistic:	
	Specific SMART objective should align with the employee's overall personal goals and professional aims, and the action steps that you take for each of these real	
	goals should relate directly to how they plan to achieve them.	
	Time-bound:	
	A time-bound and/or deadline is critical to knowing	
	whether or not the employee has actually reached their objective with the timeframe ideally being in line with the school's overall objective and / or Service Improvement	
	Plan for that academic year.	
PACT HR New 100 Yourse		
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Desferment		
Performance Management	Setting and reviewing objectives	
Appraisals:	Whole School	
	Individual:	
	TLR     Leadership	
	Consider Factors of Target Setting re the Covid-19     Pandemic	
	What support is needed to achieve the targets set?	
PACT HR		

Performance Management Appraisals:  A review appraisal should take place six months after the initial appraisal meeting and this ideally should take place in April. If the school is following the October to October cycle.  Praise Look at praising the employee, what have they done well. Consider this in live with career aspirations and the next six months of the appraisal cycle.  Employees who are experiencing difficulties  Employees who are experiencing difficulties  Employees experiencing difficulties through the appraisal cycle we regard to appraisal largets met or day to day performance.			
Performance Management Appraisals:  Employees who are experiencing difficulties  Employees experiencing difficulties through the appraisal cycle we repard to appraisal largets met or	Management Appraisals:	Six Monthly Reviews A review appraisal should take place six months after the initial appraisal meeting and this ideally should take place in April, if the school is following the October to October cycle.  Praise	
Management Appraisals:  Employees who are experiencing difficulties  Employees experiencing difficulties through the appraisal cycle we regard to appraisal targets met or		well. Consider this in line with career aspirations and	
Management Appraisals:  Employees who are experiencing difficulties  Employees experiencing difficulties through the appraisal cycle we regard to appraisal targets met or			
	Management Appraisals:	Employees experiencing difficulties through the appraisal cycle we regard to appraisal targets met or	



# Performance Management Appraisals: - PACT HR Subscribing schools, specific case advice can be gained from the school's allocated PACT HR Business Partner. - PACT HR Associated Policies - PACT HR Performance Management Policy and Guidance Document - PACT HR Pay Policy - Further reading: - https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/school-teachers-pay-and-conditions



## Long Covid and Guidance for Schools: - Long Covid and Guidance for Schools: - Currently unknown why recovery in some people is prolonged due to the vast array of symptoms and durations associated with Long Covid. - Preliminary research shows certain underlying conditions at greater risk of hospitalisation as a result of Long Covid. - Acute Kidney Injury • Anaemia • Cardiac Arrhythmia - Long COVID can have unusual patterns: relapses, and phases with new, sometimes peculiar, symptoms. An initially mild or even asymptomatic case can be followed later by severe symptoms impacting markedly on day-to-day activities.

	TUC survey of workers who had contracted Covid-19:		
Long Covid	95% experienced ongoing symptoms		
and Guidance	35% reported ongoing symptoms lasting between 3-6 months		
for Schools:	29% experiencing Long Covid symptoms for 12 months or		
	more		
	Type of symptoms		
	• Fatigue – 92% • Brain Fog – 72% • Breathlessness –70%		
	Joint pain -57%     Headache – 57%     Muscle pain – 53%		
	Anxiety – 50%     Depression – 32%		
	Fluctuating severity in symptoms – 92%	-	
PACT HR Sour IB Propose			
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	Can Long Covid be treated as a disability?		
Long Covid	Can Long Covid be treated as a disability?		
	Can Long Covid be treated as a disability?  Equality Act defines a disability as 'a mental or physical impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on a person's ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.		
and Guidance	Equality Act defines a disability as 'a mental or physical impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on a person's ability to carry out normal		
and Guidance	Equality Act defines a disability as 'a mental or physical impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on a person's ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities'.		
and Guidance	Equality Act defines a disability as 'a mental or physical impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on a person's ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities'.      Case-by-case basis for protection under the Equality Act      Any disagreement on the categorisation of Long Covid as a disability is likely to be connected to whether the effects of the impairment are sufficient to fall within the Act's		
and Guidance	Equality Act defines a disability as 'a mental or physical impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on a person's ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities'.      Case-by-case basis for protection under the Equality Act      Any disagreement on the categorisation of Long Covid as a disability is likely to be connected to whether the effects of the impairment are sufficient to fall within the Act's definition and in particular whether they are long term      Special provision under the Act for recurring or fluctuating		

#### Long Covid and Guidance for Schools:

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Absence Management of employees suffering Long Covid

- · Fair and thorough procedure
- Regular contact and communication
- Employee Health & Wellbeing Referral
- Reasonable Adjustments
   Amended timings, hours and/or pattern of work
   Alteration of workload
   Redeployment
   In role support

- · Recommend Access To Work support

